THE HAGUE CONVENTION (VII) OF 1907
RELATING TO THE CONVERSION
OF MERCHANT SHIPS INTO
WAR-SHIPS

PUBLISHED BY THE ENDOWMENT
WASHINGTON, D.C.
1918
CARNEGIE ENDOWMENT
FOR INTERNATIONAL PEACE
Division of International Law
PAMPHLET SERIES
No 1 Arbitrations for the Peaceful Settlement of Disputes.
No 2 Limitation of Armaments on the Great Lakes. By John W. Foster, Secretary of the Council.
No 3 Statutes, Ratifications, Reservations and Accessions to Conventions and Declarations of the First Hague Peace Conference.
No 4 The Hague Conventions of 1907 (I) and (II) for the Pacific Settlement of International Disputes.
No 5 The Hague Conventions of 1907 (II) and 1907 (IX) Respecting the Rights of Neutral Powers and Persons on Land.
No 6 The Hague Convention (II) of 1907 Respecting the Employment of Means of Hostilities.
No 7 The Hague Convention (XII) of 1907 Respecting the Establishment of Courts of Justice.
No 8 The Hague Declaration (IV, 2) of 1909 Concerning the Uses and Admissibility of Arm. Cables.
No 9 The Hague Declaration (IV, 3) of 1909 Concerning the Use of the Firearm.
No 10 The Final Acts of the First and Second Hague Conferences, together with the Draft Convention Respecting a Permanent Court of International Justice.
No 11 The Hague Convention (II) of 1907 Respecting the Employment of Explosions in War.
No 13 The Hague Convention (X) of 1907 Respecting the Duties of Neutral Powers and Persons on Land.
No 14 The Hague Convention (VI) of 1907 Respecting the Laws of Hostilities.
No 15 The Hague Convention (IX) of 1907 Respecting the Laws of Navigation of Shipping.
No 16 The Hague Convention VII of 1907 Respecting the Laws of Armistice and Temporary Conventions.
No 17 The Hague Convention (XX) of 1907 Relating to the Rights of a Party to the Capture of Military Property in War.
No 18 The Hague Convention (XI) of 1907 Respecting the Law of the Sea.
No 19 The Hague Convention (XII) of 1907 Respecting the Employment of Means of Hostilities.
No 20 The Hague Convention (III) of 1907 Respecting the Employment of Explosions in War.
THE HAGUE CONVENTION (VII) OF 1907
RELATING TO THE CONVERSION
OF MERCHANT SHIPS INTO
WAR-SHIPS

PUBLISHED BY THE ENDOWMENT
WASHINGTON, D. C.
1915
Preface

In view of the very great interest at the present time in the Conventions and signed Declarations of the First and Second Hague Conferences, and particularly because of the need of accurate information as to ratifications of and adhesions to the Conventions and Declarations relating to war, the Endowment has prepared a series of pamphlets in order that the public may learn from reliable sources the status of these international agreements and the extent to which the Powers now at war are bound by their provisions.

The first pamphlet of this series (No. 3 of the pamphlet series of the Division of International Law) contains the respective Tables of Signatures, Ratifications, Adhesions and Reservations of the Conventions and Declarations of the two Conferences. The compilation has been made from official sources, and the tables have been certified as accurate by the Department of State of the United States. In all cases the reservations contained in the procès-verbaux, but only referred to in the official tables issued by the International Bureau of the Permanent Court of Arbitration, have been translated and printed in full, with the references to the official reports where their texts appear. Without the complete text of a reservation it is impossible to know to what extent a Power is bound by a Convention or Declaration.

The Conventions and Declarations, as the case may be, of the two Conferences, are printed separately in the succeeding numbers of the pamphlets, accompanied by the respective lists of countries which have (a) ratified, or (b) adhered to, or (c) signed but not ratified them, with the date of the particular action taken. Each Convention or Declaration is followed also by the texts of reservations, as indicated above respecting the pamphlet containing the Tables of Signatures, Ratifications, etc. (No. 3). The English translations of the original French texts of the several Conventions, Declarations and Final Acts of the Conferences reproduce the official translations of the Department of State, except that a few obvious misprints, and an occasional mistranslation, have been corrected. Marginal notes have been added to facilitate reference.
Inasmuch as most of the Conventions and Declarations of the Conferences concerning war contain a clause to the effect that they only bind belligerents which have ratified them, and then only if all the belligerents are contracting Powers, there is appended a list of the countries now at war and the dates of the formal declarations or announcements of the existence of a state of war.

It should be noted that the Conventions and Declarations are not binding prior to the deposit of ratifications at The Hague. The mere signature of these conventional agreements may be regarded as the indication of an intention to ratify them, but creates no legal obligation. Adhesion has the effect of ratification. In this relation it is proper to remark that only the formal agreements of the Conferences—such as the Conventions and the signed Declarations—contemplate ratification. The informal agreements—such as the unsigned Declarations, Resolutions, Recommendations, and Vœux—are not signed separately. They are contained in the Final Act, which is an official summary of the proceedings of each Conference, and as such is signed.

A word should be said about the additional protocol to the Convention for an International Prize Court. It was not agreed upon at the Second Hague Conference, but was subsequently negotiated in order to remove objections to the Prize Court Convention. The signatures to it are indicated in the last column of the table of signatures of the Second Conference.

The Conventions and Declarations are numbered as in the Final Acts.

The official published proceedings of the First Conference are referred to in the footnotes as Procès-verbaux, those of the Second as Actes et documents. The full titles of the publications are respectively: (1) Conférence internationale de la paix. La Haye, 18 mai-29 juillet, 1899. Ministère des affaires étrangères. Nouvelle édition. La Haye. Martinus Nijhoff, 1907; (2) Deuxième conférence internationale de la paix. La Haye, 15 juin-18 octobre, 1907. Actes et documents. Ministère des affaires étrangères. La Haye, imprimerie nationale, 1907.

James Brown Scott,
Director of the Division of International Law.

Washington, D. C.,
December 23, 1914.
CONVENTION (VII) RELATING TO THE CONVERSION OF MERCHANT SHIPS INTO WAR-SHIPS

Signed at The Hague, October 18, 1907

His Majesty the German Emperor, King of Prussia; [etc.]

Whereas it is desirable, in view of the incorporation in time of war of merchant ships in the fighting fleet, to define the conditions subject to which this operation may be effected;

Whereas, however, the contracting Powers have been unable to come to an agreement on the question whether the conversion of a merchant ship into a war-ship may take place upon the high seas, it is understood that the question of the place where such conversion is effected remains outside the scope of this agreement and is in no way affected by the following rules;

Being desirous of concluding a Convention to this effect, have appointed the following as their plenipotentiaries:

[Here follow the names of plenipotentiaries.]

Who, after having deposited their full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following provisions:

**ARTICLE 1**

A merchant ship converted into a war-ship can not have the rights and duties accruing to such vessels unless it is placed under the direct authority, immediate control, and responsibility of the Power whose flag it flies.

**ARTICLE 2**

Merchant ships converted into war-ships must bear the external marks which distinguish the war-ships of their nationality.

**ARTICLE 3**

The commander must be in the service of the State and duly commissioned by the competent authorities. His name must figure on the list of the officers of the fighting fleet.
ARTICLE 4
The crew must be subject to military discipline.

ARTICLE 5
Every merchant ship converted into a war-ship must observe in its operations the laws and customs of war.

ARTICLE 6
A belligerent who converts a merchant ship into a war-ship must, as soon as possible, announce such conversion in the list of war-ships.

ARTICLE 7
The provisions of the present Convention do not apply except between contracting Powers, and then only if all the belligerents are parties to the Convention.

ARTICLE 8
The present Convention shall be ratified as soon as possible. The ratifications shall be deposited at The Hague.
The first deposit of ratifications shall be recorded in a procès-verbal signed by the representatives of the Powers who take part therein and by the Netherland Minister for Foreign Affairs.
The subsequent deposits of ratifications shall be made by means of a written notification, addressed to the Netherlands Government and accompanied by the instrument of ratification.
A duly certified copy of the procès-verbal relative to the first deposit of ratifications, of the notifications mentioned in the preceding paragraph, as well as of the instruments of ratification, shall be at once sent by the Netherlands Government, through the diplomatic channel, to the Powers invited to the Second Peace Conference, as well as to the other Powers which have adhered to the Convention. In the cases contemplated in the preceding paragraph the said Government shall at the same time inform them of the date on which it received the notification.

ARTICLE 9
Non-signatory Powers may adhere to the present Convention. The Power which desires to adhere notifies its intention in writing
to the Netherland Government, forwarding to it the act of adhesion, which shall be deposited in the archives of the said Government.

That Government shall at once transmit to all the other Powers a duly certified copy of the notification as well as of the act of adhesion, stating the date on which it received the notification.

**ARTICLE 10**

The present Convention shall come into force, in the case of the Powers which were a party to the first deposit of ratifications, sixty days after the date of the procès-verbal of this deposit, and, in the case of the Powers which ratify subsequently or which adhere, sixty days after the notification of their ratification or of their adhesion has been received by the Netherland Government.

**ARTICLE 11**

In the event of one of the contracting Powers wishing to denounce the present Convention, the denunciation shall be notified in writing to the Netherland Government, which shall at once communicate a duly certified copy of the notification to all the other Powers, informing them of the date on which it was received.

The denunciation shall only have effect in regard to the notifying Power, and one year after the notification has reached the Netherland Government.

**ARTICLE 12**

A register kept by the Netherland Ministry for Foreign Affairs shall give the date of the deposit of ratifications made in virtue of Article 8, paragraphs 3 and 4, as well as the date on which the notifications of adhesion (Article 9, paragraph 2) or of denunciation (Article 11, paragraph 1) have been received.

Each contracting Power is entitled to have access to this register and to be supplied with duly certified extracts from it.

In faith whereof the plenipotentiaries have appended their signatures to the present Convention.

Done at The Hague, the 18th October, 1907, in a single copy, which shall remain deposited in the archives of the Netherland Government, and duly certified copies of which shall be sent, through the diplomatic channel, to the Powers which have been invited to the Second Peace Conference.

[Here follow signatures.]
RATIFICATIONS, ADHESIONS AND RESERVATIONS

The foregoing Convention was ratified by the following signatory Powers on the dates indicated:

Austria-Hungary ...................... November 27, 1909
Belgium ............................... August 8, 1910
Brazil .................................. January 5, 1914
Denmark ............................... November 27, 1909
France ................................. October 7, 1910
Germany ............................... November 27, 1909
Great Britain ......................... November 27, 1909
Guatemala .............................. March 15, 1911
Haiti .................................. February 2, 1910
Japan .................................. December 2, 1911
Luxemburg ............................. September 5, 1912
Mexico ................................. November 27, 1909
Netherlands ........................... November 27, 1909
Norway ................................. September 19, 1910
Panama .................................. September 11, 1911
Portugal ............................... April 13, 1911
Roumania .............................. March 1, 1912
Russia ................................. November 27, 1909
Salvador ............................... November 27, 1909
Siam .................................... March 12, 1910
Spain .................................... March 18, 1913
Sweden ................................. November 27, 1909
Switzerland ........................... May 12, 1910

Adhesions:

Liberia ............................... February 4, 1914
Nicaragua ............................. December 16, 1909

The following Powers signed the Convention but have not yet ratified:

Argentine Republic .......................... Italy
Bolivia ..................................... Montenegro
Bulgaria ................................. Paraguay
Chile ...................................... Persia
Colombia ............................... Peru
Cuba ....................................... Servia
Ecuador ................................. Turkey
Greece ................................... Venezuela
Reservation:

Turkey

Under reservation of the declaration made at the eighth plenary session of the Conference of October 9, 1907.

Extract from the procès-verbal:

The Imperial Ottoman Government does not engage to recognize as vessels of war, ships which, being in its waters or on the high seas under a merchant flag, are converted on the opening of hostilities.

1This reservation was made at signature.
OTHER PUBLICATIONS OF THE CARNEGIE ENDOWMENT
FOR INTERNATIONAL PEACE

Year Book for 1911
Year Book for 1913
Year Book for 1913-1914

Division of International Relations:
No. 2. German International Progress in 1913. By Professor Dr. Wilhelm Paszkowski.
No. 3. Educational Exchange with Japan. By Dr. Hamilton W. Mabie.
No. 4. Intellectual and Cultural Relations Between the United States and the Other Republics of America. By Dr. Harry Erwin Bard.

The above publications are issued gratuitously by the Endowment and may be had on application to the Secretary, 2 Jackson Place, Washington, D.C.